

TOOLBOX TALKS

HAND & ARM SAFETY

Toolbox Talks are designed to promote safety discussions and best practices on the jobsite. To see more Toolbox Talks, please visit cat.com/toolboxtalks.

POTENTIAL HAZARDS

- Skin absorption of harmful substances
- Chemical, thermal or electrical danger
- Bruises, abrasions, cuts, punctures, fractures or amputations

SELECTING PROTECTION

- Select protection based on the hazard and operation involved
- Inspect gloves before each use to ensure that they are not torn, punctured or made ineffective in any way
- Fill gloves with water and roll the cuffs tightly to help reveal any pinhole leaks
- Do not use gloves that are discolored or stiff. This may indicate deficiencies caused by excessive use or degradation from chemical exposure

TYPES OF GLOVES

- **LEATHER** - Protect against sparks, moderate heat, blows, chips and rough objects
- **ALUMINIZED** - Provide reflective protection against heat
- **ARAMID-FIBER AND SYNTHETIC** - Protect against heat and cold
- **FABRIC** - Protect against dirt, slivers, chafing and abrasion
- **COATED-FABRIC** - For handling wire and chemical lab containers
- **BUTYL** - Made of synthetic rubber and protect against a variety of chemicals; resist oxidation, ozone corrosion and abrasion
- **LATEX** - Resist abrasions caused by grinding and polishing, and protect from water solutions
- **NEOPRENE** - Made from synthetic rubber and protect against hydraulic fuels, gasoline, alcohols, organic acids and alkalis
- **NITRILE** - Provide protection from certain solvents and are intended for jobs requiring dexterity and sensitivity; offer protection against oils, greases, acids, caustics and alcohols

Discussion Date:

Employee Participants:

The material in this document is provided for informational purposes only and not as a comprehensive or exhaustive resource on this topic. This material has been compiled from a multitude of sources believed to be accurate; however, Caterpillar Inc. assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or currency of this information and encourages you to consult experts in this area for more information. In no event does the content of this document supersede any applicable local, state or federal statutes or regulations.

There are a lot of moving parts on the jobsite. To find a safety topic relevant to your operation, please visit cat.com/toolboxtalks.